PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

Translation INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicants	ngent's file sefer								
Applicant's or agent's file reference PCT-138			FOR FURTHER ACTION		See Form PCT/IPEA/416				
International application No.			International filing da	ate (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)				
PCT/AT2004/000263			22.07.200	4	24.07.2003				
International P	atent Classification	(IPC) or natio	onal classification and	IPC	·				
C01B13/02									
Applicant									
GHÉCZY, Rudolf									
			····						
 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 									
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 8 sheets, including this cover sheet.									
3. This	report is also accor	npanied by Al	NNEXES, comprising	:					
a. [(sent to the d	pplicant and	to the International Bi	ureau) a total of 1	sheets, as follows:				
					mended and are the basis for this report and/or				
	sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).								
sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond									
	Box.	closure in the	international applica	tion as filed, as indicated	in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental				
ь. [(sent to the l	nternational l	Bureau only) a total of	(indicate type and number	r of electronic carrier(s))				
					containing a sequence listing and/or tables				
, containing a sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).									
4. This	report contains ind	ications relation	ng to the following ite	ms:					
	Box No. I	Basis of the	report						
	Box No. II	Priority	•						
	Box No. III	•	shment of opinion witl	n regard to novelty, inventi	ive step and industrial applicability				
l i	Box No. IV		y of invention	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,				
	Box No. V		•	35,2, with regard to novel	ກີງ, ກາວເກົາວ ສະຊັນ or industrial applicability;				
	BOX NO. V		l explanations support		,				
ᅵ ᆜ	Box No. VI	Certain docu	aments cited						
	Box No. VII	Certain defe	cts in the international	application					
Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application									
Date of submission of the demand Da				Date of completion of thi	is report				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/EP				Authorized officer	•				
Facsimile No.				Telephone No.					

International application No.
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Box	No. I	Basis of the report		
1.		rd to the language, this report is based on the internatio under this item.	nal application in the language in	which it was filed, unless otherwise
		s report is based on translations from the original langua ch is the language of a translation furnished for the purp		,
		international search (Rule 12.3 and 23.1(b))		
		publication of the international application (Rule 12.4)	
		international preliminary examination (Rule 55.2 and/	or 55.3)	
2.		rd to the elements of the international application, this Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 ar t):		
	the i	international application as originally filed/furnished		
	the	description:		
	page	es <u>1-9</u>		as originally filed/furnished
	page	es*	received by this Authority on	
	page	es*	received by this Authority on	
	the o	claims:		
	nos.	2-11		as originally filed/furnished
	nos.	*	as amended (togethe	r with any statement) under Article 19 21.02.2005 WITH LETTER
	nos.	* 1	received by this Authority on	
	nos.	*	received by this Authority on	
	the o	drawings:		
	shee	ets <u>1/1</u>		as originally filed/furnished
	shee	ets*	received by this Authority on	
	shee	ets*	received by this Authority on	
	a see	quence listing and/or any related table(s) – see Supplem	ental Box Relating to Sequence L	isting.
3.	The	amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
4.		s report has been established as if (some of) the amend thave been considered to go beyond the disclosure as fi		
		the description, pages		
		the claims, nos.		
		the drawings, sheets/figs		
		the sequence listing (specify):		
		any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
*	If item 4 a	pplies, some or all of those sheets may be marked "sup	erseded."	

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citations and explanations su			porting such statement	
1.	Statement			
Novelty (N) Claims		Claims	3-9	YES
		Claims	1, 2, 10, 11	_ NO
Inventive step (IS)		Claims	3	YES
		Claims	1, 2, 4-11	_ NO
	Industrial applicability (IA) Claim		1-11	YES
		Claims		_ NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

This report makes reference to the following documents:

- D1: US-A-4526775 (Air Products and Chemicals)
- D2: EP-A-583748 (Air Products and Chemicals)
- D3: XP2218385 (Angewandte Chemie Int. Ed. **2000**, 39, 3772-3789)
- The application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 6 because claim 1 is not clear.
- 1.1. The present claim 1 defines that a liquid ionic compound is used for the absorption. It is clear from the description that the applicant is using a very particular interpretation of this statement (see page 5, paragraphs 1-3; page 6, third paragraph).

Although this statement is used often, this examiner is of the opinion that any liquid with ions falls under the term "liquid ionic compound". For example, molten salts are also liquid ionic compounds.

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Claim 1 is not clear. This lack of clarity also leads to problems with regard to the novelty of the claims (see point 3.1 below).

1.2. Claim 1 also defines that "at least one ionic liquid having high reversible oxygen-absorbing capability that is selective to other gases, in particular, nitrogen, is used as a medium". Claim 1 therefore attempts to define the subject matter in terms of the result to be achieved. Claim 1 fails to describe how the result is achieved (see PCT Guidelines 5.35).

Claim 1 is not clear.

As stated in these guidelines, an objection with regard to lack of support by the description can also be raised in such a case. Technical support can be found in the description only for certain ionic liquids mentioned in the application.

The applicant argued in his response to the written opinion that oxygen absorption is a substance property. This fact is not disputed. However, the present claims do not define which compounds are used. The present claim is therefore valid for all compounds that have this property, whereas only several thereof are disclosed in the application.

The invention does not appear to be sufficiently disclosed (PCT Article 5).

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Box No. V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

The present application is directed to the use of all ionic liquids suitable for oxygen absorption (see also point 1 above). The application does not contain any examples. Only page 6 of the description mentions several possible ionic liquids.

A person skilled in the art is surely not in a position to carry out the invention across the entire claimed scope. It seems, to the examiner, that the invention can be carried out only for the liquids disclosed on page 6.

The applicant argued in his response to the written opinion that the ionic liquid is limited to liquids having oxygen-absorbing capability and a melting point of less than 80°C. However, the claims are not at all limited to a particular melting point, which shows that the claims are not disclosed across the entire claimed scope.

Although the claims are limited to a particular oxygen-absorbing capability, all ionic liquids with this property are claimed. This broad scope is not disclosed in the application.

- 3. The present application fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 33(1) because the subject matter of claims 1, 2, 10 and 11 is not novel within the meaning of PCT Article 33(2).
- **3.1.** D1 discloses a method of recovering oxygen from

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Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

air. In this method, the oxygen is absorbed in a molten salt. The salt contains nitrate, nitrite and peroxide as anions and sodium and potassium as cations. The absorbed oxygen is released by reducing pressure or increasing temperature (see claims 1 to 11).

The molten salt falls under the term "ionic liquid" (see point 1 above).

The applicant has shown that the melting points of the salts of D1 are much higher than the melting points of the ionic liquids of the present application. However, claim 1 defines only that the medium is liquid at the process temperature. This is also the case in D1.

The applicant also argued that the molten material in D1 is very corrosive. The use of corrosive mediums is not, however, excluded in claim 1.

The subject matter of claims 1, 2, 10 and 11 is not novel.

- 3.2. The subject matter of claim 1 is novel over D2. D2 discloses the use of an aqueous solution of cobalt-containing complexes for the recovery of oxygen. The applicant has convincingly argued that D2 does not disclose any compounds that are liquid at the process temperature.
- The subject matter of claims 4 to 9 does not

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Box No. V
Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

involve an inventive step because the subject

matter of these claims is made up of merely obvious features in light of D1.

5. The subject matter of claim 3 is novel and involves an inventive step.

D1 is considered to be the closest prior art. The subject matter of claim 3 is distinguished from D1 in that, in claim 3, an ionic liquid with a high concentration of perfluorinated groups is used, whereas in D1 a molten salt medium is used.

The result of this distinguishing feature is that oxygen absorption can be carried out at a lower temperature. Although such ionic liquids are known from D3, D3 does not suggest that such liquids could be used for oxygen absorption.

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Supplemental Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient. Continuation of:

Box I

Basis of the report

The amendment in claim 1 fails to meet the requirements of PCT Article 34(2)(b).

The original claim 1 defined that an ionic liquid having **high** reversible selective oxygen-absorbing capability ... is used. The term *high* has now been deleted from the claim. Although the term *high* is only a relative term, the deletion thereof from the claim broadens the scope of the subject matter.

The opinion with regard to inventive step is therefore based on claim 1 in the original version.